Mayfield Primary School

Nursery Long Term Plan 'I Can Curriculum' Summary

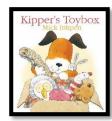
New EYFS Framework Statutory September 2021 (Our full I Can Curriculum is available on request)

















A language rich, sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education

Mayfield Early Years Foundation Stage Nursery Long Term Plan Overview

| Areas of Learning | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Overarching Theme/Topic | Settling In What can I see when I come to school? | Journeys Do you fancy an adventure? | People Who Help Us Who are our superheroes? | Toys What's inside our magical toy box? | The Seaside What was the seaside like for my Grandma and Grandad? | The Farm What can you find on the farm? |
| Key Texts | Holidays Starting School Colours and Shape Autumn Chu's first day | The Naughty Bus Mr Gumpy's Outing | People who Help Us fiction and non-fiction books | Kipper's Toy Box Toys around the world — non fiction text | What the Ladybird heard at the Seaside The Sandcastle that Lola Built | Usborne family books set on the Farm |
| Linked Texts | Topsy and Tim My Sandcastle Going to School Elmer Thumper's Shapes Big Book of Autumn Trees Kindness makes us strong. Lulu Loves the Library | We're Going on a Bear Hunt Animal Railway Lost and Found The Christmas Story Amazing Car Car Truck Jeep | Police 123 Peppa Pig Books Percy Park Keeper Jolly Postman A day with the Animal fire fighters The tooth book Bob the Builder Where's Lenny All through the night | One Teddy Fell out of Bed Toys from the Past Lost in the Toy Museum Chicks and Butterflies Non-fiction books about chicks Very Hungry Caterpillar (talk for writing) Paper dolls The history of Teddy Bears Teddy bears picnic Monster Clothes Errol's Garden | Fidgety Fish Clumsy Crab Tickly Octopus Non-fiction shark books Shark in the Dark Dougal's Deep Sea Diary Zoe and the Mermaids Can you catch a mermaid? The singing Mermaid Pirate Pete Stella and the Seagull Pete the Cat at the Beach Seaside Holidays now and then | Little Red Hen Farmer Ted Old McDonald Fix it Duck Would you Rather Pig's Knickers A Squash and A Squeeze Chocolate Moose for a Greedy Goose A year on the Farm Where does my food come from? Town Mouse, Country Mouse Hello Friend Would you Rather? |
| Trips/Visitors/Wow Moments/Role Play | Home Corner Walk around school grounds | Father Christmas Grotto | Police Station Small World Fire Station Small World School Small World Fire Engine Visit | Home Corner Toy Shop | Home Corner Ice Cream Parlour Ice Cream van | Small World Farm Tasting food that grows on our farms Planting and growing seeds |
| Celebrations/Festivals | Halloween | Christmas Hanukah Diwali Bonfire Night | Chinese New Year | Mother's Day Easter Passover | | Father's Day |
| Themed Weeks | Where do I live? | What is it like where Father Christmas lives? | What can we grow? (N) Who helps us? (R) | How do we all celebrate? | How Amazing is Africa? | Do we live in the Town or the Country? |

| | | The | Early Yea | ars Founda | ition Stage | Framework 20 | 21 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| | The Prime Areas of Learning | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Communication and Language | | F | Personal, Social and Emotional Development | | Physical Development | | Creatin | | Pl | | | |
| Listening, Atten Understand | | Speal | ing R | Self- Regulation | Managing Self | Building Relationship | | Gross Motor Skills | Fine Motor Skills | Creating and Thinking Critically | Active Lea | Playing and Exploring |
| | | | Th | e Specific | Areas of Lea | arning | | | | ing C | Learning | xplori |
| Lit | eracy | | Mat | thematics | Undo | erstanding the V | Vorld | · · | ve Arts and esign | ritically | | ing |
| Comprehension | Word Reading | Writing | Number | Numeric Pattern | and | People, Culture and Communities | The Nature World | | Being Imaginative and Expressive | | | |
| | | | | | A | Unique Child | Ĺ | | | | | |
| | Positive Relationships | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Enc | ıbling Envir | onments and / | Adult S | upport | | | | |
| | | | | | Learnin | ıg and Develo | pment | | | | | |

Communication and Language: Listening, Attention and Understanding & Speaking

Educational Programme: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn Spring Summer

Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Communication and Language:

- * To develop our listening skills using lots of activities.
- * To be able to speak clearly and confidently in short sentences.
- * To extend our vocabulary with topic related words.
- * Toi begin to listen to stories and join in with rhymes.
- * To begin to follow instructions when playing and tidying the classroom.

- * To listen well to stories with enjoyment and increasing attention.
- * To develop our listening skills using lots of fun activities.
- * To show an interest in songs and rhymes through joining in with the songs and actions.
- * To use language imaginatively in our role play areas.
- * To be able to sit quietly during adult led sessions and maintain concentration.
- * To begin to show understanding of stories.

- * To listen well to stories with enjoyment
- * To listen carefully to others and respond appropriately with questions and comments.
- * To be able join to in with whole class and group discussions.
- * To extend our vocabulary with topic related words.
- * To recall our 'Talk for Writing' story 'The Rainbow Fish'.
- * To be able to use longer sentences to talk and connect ideas.

- WellComm Assessments
- Time to Talk
- Big Book of Ideas
- Talk for Writing
- Story Times
- Shared Read
- Narrative Intervention
- Circle Time
- Looking and Listening
- BLAST
- Story Sacks
- Speech and Language Reports and individual targets
- Visual prompts
- Role Play

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Self-Regulation, Managing Self & Building Relationships

Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive 9 relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Autumn Spring Summer

Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Personal, Social and Emotional Development:

- * To work as part of a group and class, learning to share and take turns.
- * To talk about our feelings using words such as happy, sad, angry and worried.
- * To follow rules and understand why they are important.
- * To develop their social skills with other children and adults.
- * To be able to separate from main carer with support and encouragement.

- * To be able to play together, sharing and taking turns.
- * To be able to sit well and listen carefully for an extended period.
- * To be able to express their own feelings, preferences and interests.
- * To be confident to chat to peers and adults.
- * To be confident to ask for help.
- * To show interest in others and join other's play.

- * To choose activities independently.
- * To be able to join in with other children playing kindly.
- * To be proud of their achievements and be able to talk about them to others.
- * To think about how their actions can affect others and make choices based on this.
- * To extend other's ideas when playing a game.

- Circle Time
- Turn Taking
- Play Skills
- Can Do Music
- Social Stories
- Social and Emotional interventions
- Mental Health Awareness
 Week
- House Point System
- Smiley Face Charts where appropriate
- Prize Box Reward
- School Discos
- Trip to Smithills Farm

Physical Development: Gross Motor Skills & Fine Motor Skills

Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

| Get | Set 4 | 4 PE | Know | ledge | Organiser |
|-----|-------|------|------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | | |

| Autumn | Spring | Summer | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Unit 1: Introduction to PE | Unit 1: Dance | Unit 1: Games | |
| Topic: Fantasy and Adventure | Topic: Everyday Life | Topic: Transport | |
| Unit 2: Introduction to PE | Unit 2: Dance | Unit 2: Games | |
| Topic: Everyday Life | Topic: Places | Topic: Around the World | |
| Unit 1: Ball Skills | Unit 1: Fundamentals | Unit 1: Gymnastics | |
| Topic: Minibeasts | Topic: All about Me | Topic: Animals and their Habitats | |
| Unit 2: Ball Skills | Unit 2: Fundamentals | Unit 2: Gymnastics | |
| Topic: Weather | Topic: Places and Spaces | Topic: Traditional Tales | |
| Autumn | Spring | Summer | |

Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Physical Development:

- * To move in a variety of ways such as hopping, skipping and balancing.
- * To use large muscle movements to wave flags and streamers and paint and make marks.
- * To make marks on paper to represent pictures and writing.
- * To improve control over tools such as scissors and cutlery.

- * To be able to use small tools with increasing control.
- * To use the tripod grip when holding a pencil.
- * To be able to run and climb safely.
- * To begin to be able to dress with little support, such as pulling up own zipper on coat and putting on their own hat, scarf and mittens.

- * To extend our vocabulary with topic related words.
- * To use one handed tools with little support.
- * To join in with PE sessions, learning to skip, run, jump, hop and run whilst avoiding obstacles.
- * To join in with PE sessions confidently and begin to learn some ball handling skills.

- Squiggle whilst you Wiggle
- Fizzy Balancing
- Sports Day
- Get Set for PE Scheme
- Santa Dash
- Once Upon a Touch
- Number/letter formation practise
- Playdough Station making playdough
- Finger Gym
- Dough Disco
- Obstacle Courses
- Outdoor games
- Large construction areas

| * To begin to join in with PE | * To begin the programme — | * Children will begin to learn the | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| sessions with the PE coach. | Squiggle Whilst you Wiggle. | different ways of moving and what | |
| | * To begin to learn about healthy | they look like. | |
| | and unhealthy life choices around | * To go to the bathroom | |
| | food, hygiene and tooth brushing. | independently. | |
| | | * To use bikes and scooters with | |
| | | little adult support. | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Literacy: Word Reading, Comprehension and Writing

Literacy Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

Little Wandle, Letters and Sounds Revised Foundations for Phonics (See Foundations for Phonics: Tuning into Sounds Programme Progression & Foundations for a Love of Reading — Shared Reading)

The teaching of Foundations for Phonics in Nursery contributes to the teaching and learning of communication and Language and Literacy and sits alongside out language-rich provision. The use of this scheme ensures that children are well prepared to begin grapheme-phoneme correspondence and blending at the start of Reception. During Foundations for Phonics, children are developing an awareness of sound through activities that develop focused listening and attention, including oral blending.

| | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| Progression of sounds (just phonemes) | satpin | n m d g o c k e | urhbflj | v w y z qu ch | ck x sh th ng nk |
| Phonemic | Teach children to | Teach children to | Teach children to | Teach children to | Teach children to |
| awareness focus | hear the same initial sound for words and names of objects. | identify initial sounds of words and names of objects. Teach children to distinguish different sounds. | identify initial sounds of words and names of objects. Teach children to articulate sounds correctly — including playing with voice sounds | identify initial sounds of words and objects. | identify the final sounds of words and objects. |
| Oral blending focus | Teach children to blend CVC words using oral blending and objects. | Teach children to blend a wider range of CVC words using oral blending | Teach children to blend a wider range of words using oral blending. | Teach children to blend a wider range of words using oral blending | Teach children to blend a wide range of words using oral blending when playing: |
| Recognising their name | Teach children to find their name using their picture. | Teach children to recognise the initial sound of their name. | Teach children to recognise the capital letter that starts their name. | Teach children to match their name to their picture. | |

- Shared Read Sessions
- Practise Read Sessions
- Little Wandle Phonics Scheme
- Talk for Writing
- Story Time
- Focused name writing
- Library Challenge
- Bedtime Reading Challenge
- Everywhere Bear
- Bedtime Reading Bags
- Parent Newsletters
- High quality reading areas both inside and outside.
- Opportunities for reading and writing in all areas.
- Everyday mark making
- Squiggle whilst you Wiggle
- Dough Disco
- Fine Motor Interventions
- Funky Finger activities and areas
- Wow moments and hooks
 see Mayfield Magic
 Moments.

| Autumn | Spring | Summer | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Some of the key knowledge and skills we w | ome of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Literacy: | | | |
| * To listen to a story and show understanding by answering questions about it. * To handle books carefully and show some understanding of concepts of print such as turning pages correctly and identifying print and illustration. * To begin to recognise their names using the initial letter. * To hold a pencil in a comfortable grip showing good control. * To make marks and ascribe them a meaning. * To trace their name. * To develop play around favourite books / stories, beginning to use some new vocabulary. | meaning. * To write the first letter of their name independently and practise other letters with assistance. * To begin to talk about books — likes, dislikes, characters. | * I can predict what might happen next with increasing accuracy. * I can begin to talk about books; likes / dislikes, favourite character and why. * I can show interest in non-fiction books, linked to current theme. * I can tune into alliterative words * I can participate in oral blending and segmenting activities, hearing each phoneme in CVC words in the right order. * To identify a letter in a word. * To identify a word in a sentence. * To continue to develop a correct pencil grip. * To develop understanding of new vocabulary and begin to use it in different contexts with increasing confidence. | | |

Mathematics: Number and Numerical Patterns

something is added or taken away.

* To begin to recognise that there

* To begin to show an interest in

numerals in the environment.

is an order to counting.

Mathematics Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go',

* To explore one to one

contexts.

pictures.

correspondence in a range of

* To begin to explore numbers

through marks, symbols and

talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. Autumn Summer Spring Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Mathematics: * To learn to count and use this to * To be able to confidently count * To be able to describe things as count out objects, saying one items up to 10. heavier and lighter. * To start to recognise numbers 0number for each item counted. * To be a confident counter always * To learn the names of and 5, then 0-10. saying one number for each item describe some shapes. * To know what comes next in a they count. resources * To use the language of size. simple pattern. * To show an interest in number * To begin to understand some talk * To know all the basic 2D shapes problems within a growing range of about immediate past and future and begin to describe their contexts. * To link the numeral to an amount through daily routine. properties. * To begin to make arrangements * To use language relation to size up to 5. and patterns with objects. and position. * To develop an understanding of * To begin to know that a group of * To begin to use the language or measure, time and money. things changes in quantity when * To find one more and one less more and fewer.

from a group of up to 5 objects.

* To begin to find the total of

that can be shared.

items in two groups.

* To record numbers using marks

- 1:1 counting challenges
- Number formation practise
- Dedicated Shape, Space and Measure sessions
- High quality Math's Area
- Focused Math's carpet sessions along with application time in continuous provision
- Math's warm up games
- High quality and appropriate concrete

Understanding the World: Past and Present, People Culture and Communities & The Natural World

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Religious Education Oldham Agreed Syllabus 2020-2025

Religious Education sits firmly in the areas of Personal, Social and Emotional Development and Understanding the World.

The RE Oldham Agreed Syllabus enables children to -

- Develop a positive sense of themselves and others.
- Learn how to form positive and respectful relationships.
- Begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own and immediate community.
- Develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness.

EYFS Religious Education Oldham Agreed Syllabus Key Questions:

- Which stories are special and why?
- Which people are special and why?
- Which places are special and why?
- Which times are special and why?
- Where do we belong?

What is special about our world? Spring Summer

Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Understanding the World: * To talk about myself and my * To look at old and new toys and family.

- * To develop positive attitudes about differences in people.
- * To investigate objects and materials using their senses.
- * To understand that there are different countries in the world.
- * To begin to make comments and ask questions about our surroundings.

- compare them.
- * To talk about different counties in the world.
- * To ask questions and make observations.
- * To gain awareness of the cultures and beliefs of others through learning about Chinese New Year, Passover and the Easter story.
- * To talk about the seasons and what the weather is like in each of them.

- * To know the names of some sea creatures.
- * To describe how a map shows the land and sea.
- * To explore what animals live on the farm and how they grow and change.
- * To talk about our environment and how it is different to other environments.
- * To make comments, ask questions and suggest why things may happen.

- Theme Weeks
- RE Oldham Agreed Syllabus sessions
- Celebration of a range of religious festivals
- Trip to Smithills Farm
- Forest School
- Walks around the school grounds
- School concerts e.g. Christmas and Summer
- Careers Week
- Science Week

| * To take part in experiments such | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| as floating, sinking and making | |
| rock pools. | |
| * To talk about the four seasons | |
| and how the environment changes | |
| in each of them. | |

Expressive Arts and Design: Creating with Materials and Being Imaginative and Expressive

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn Spring Summer

Some of the key knowledge and skills we will be working on in Expressive Arts and Design:

- * To play imaginatively in our role play areas.
- * To enjoy joining in with singing and musical activities.
- * To be able to handle tools and equipment safely to create pictures, collage, paintings and printings.
- * To be able to use glue and glue sticks.
- * To use small world to create simple stories linked to first-hand experiences.
- * To be able to use different colours of paint and name them.
- * To be introduced to a variety of art techniques such as; painting, printing, collage, observational drawing, bubble printing.

- * To be able to name, select and use appropriate colours for a purpose.
- * To be able to select the right resources to make models.
- * To be able to handle tools and equipment safely.
- * To use lines and closed shapes to represent objects.
- * To remember and sing an entire song.
- * To explore different materials and textures and use them in their creations such as when making sock puppets, superheroes and Humpty Dumpty's.
- * To develop more detailed stories using small world and in the home corner and role play areas.

- * To play imaginatively in our under the sea role play area.
- * To enjoy playing in our music area, creating rhythms and songs.
- * To use their experience and learning to make creative art works.
- * To be introduced to transient art and be able to use them to create more complex story worlds.
- * To be able to mix colours and know what happens.
- * To use different materials to decide which one is best for their creations e.g. when making a boat.
- * To take part in music sessions with Mrs Saville (Oldham Music Service).

- Focus artists each half term
- Focus on scissor skills
- Nursery Art Sketchbook
- Transient Art
- Mrs Saville (Oldham Music Centre)
- Craft opportunities and areas indoors and outdoors
- Forest School
- Domestic Role Play
- Themed Role Play
- Dance and yoga sessions
- Hot Seating

| | Autumn | | Spri | ng | Summer | |
|-----------|------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Artist | Skill | Artist | Skill | Artist | Skill |
| Nursery | Perle Fine | Drawing & Painting | Barbra Hepworth | 3D Art (Modelling and | Henri Matisse | Collage |
| | | | | Sculpting) | Children to focus on textiles towards | the end of the term. |
| | Orla Kiely | Print | | | - | |
| Reception | Van Gogh | Drawing & Painting | Andy Goldsworthy | 3D Art (Modelling and | Perle Fine | Collage |
| | - | | | Sculpting) | | - |

| | Althea McNish | Print | | Children to focus on textiles towards the end of the term. |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|
| | | | | |